# **STATUTE**

I.	GENERAL PROVISIONS
	§ 1
1.	The Company is incorporated under the business name: ENEA Spółka Akcyjna
2.	The Company may use the abbreviated name: ENEA S.A
	§ 2
1.	The Company's registered office is in Poznań
2.	The Company conducts its activity in the Republic of Poland and abroad
3.	The Company may establish and run branch offices, representative offices and other units, in addition to participating in other companies and ventures in the Republic of Poland and abroad.
	§ 3
the nar Energe Szczec Zakład	Empany was formed as a result of the transformation of the state-owned enterprise under me: Zakład Energetyczny Poznań in Poznań into a company operating under the name: styka Poznańska Spółka Akcyjna and a merger with the following companies: Energetyka sińska S.A., Zielonogórskie Zakłady Energetyczne S.A., Zakład Energetyczny Gorzów S.A., Energetyczny Bydgoszcz S.A., effected by way of Energetyka Poznańska Spółka Akcyjna over the above companies' assets.
	§ 4
The Co	ompany is established in perpetuity
II.	THE COMPANY'S CORPORATE OBJECTS
	§ 5
The Co	ompany's corporate objects are as follows (PKD - Polish Classification of Activity):
1.	production of electricity (35.11.Z),
2.	trading in electricity (35.14.Z),
3.	production of gaseous fuels (35.21.Z),
4.	distribution of gaseous fuels through networks (35.22.Z),
5.	trading in gaseous fuels through networks (35.23.Z),
6.	steam, hot water and air production and supply for airconditioning systems (35.30.Z),
7.	works connected with constructing transmission pipelines and distribution networks (42.21.Z),
8.	electrical installations (43.21.Z),
9.	other building installations (43.29.Z),
10.	architectural activities (71.11.Z),
11.	other technical testing and analysis (71.20.B),
12.	research and experimental work on other natural sciences and engineering (72.19.Z),
13.	other specialised construction work, n.e.c. (43.99.Z),
14.	maintenance and repair of machinery (33.12.Z),
15.	maintenance and repair of electrical and optical equipment (33.13.Z),

16.	maintenance and repair of electrical machinery (33.14.Z),
17.	renting construction and civil engineering machinery and equipment (77.32.Z),
18.	renting of other machinery, equipment and goods, n. e. c. (77.39.Z),
19.	manufacture of electronic parts and components (26.11.Z),
20.	manufacture of energy distribution and control apparatus (27.12.Z),
21.	manufacture of installation equipment (27.33.Z),
22.	manufacture of accumulators, primary cells and primary batteries (27.20.Z),
23.	manufacture of lighting equipment and electric lamps (27.40.Z),
24.	installing industrial machinery and equipment (33.20.Z),
25.	telecommunications (61),
26.	land transport, transport via pipelines (49),
27.	wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles (46),
28.	retail trade, except for retail trade of motor vehicles (47),
29.	warehousing and transport-supporting services (52),
30.	accounting, book-keeping and auditing activities; tax consultancy (69.20.Z),
31.	market research and public opinion polling (73.20.Z),
32.	other professional, scientific and engineering activity, n. e. c. (74.90.Z),
33.	activities of financial holding companies (64.20.Z),
34.	other forms of granting credit (64.92.Z),
35.	real estate agency activities (68),
36.	software and hardware consultancy (62),
37.	advertising, market research and public opinion polling (73),
38.	technology (85.32.A),
39.	healthcare (86),
40.	activities of membership organisations (94),
41.	recreational, cultural and sporting activities (93),
42.	motion picture, television, video and sound recording activity (59),
43.	activities of travel agencies and tour operators and other travel reservation services and related activity (79),
44.	publishing (58),
45.	maintenance and repair of motor vehicles, except of motorcycles (45.20.Z),
46.	retail sale of parts and accessories for motor vehicles, except of motorcycles (45.32.Z),
47.	retail sale of automotive fuels through petrol stations (47.30.Z),
48.	hotels and other provision of short-stay accommodation (55.10.Z),
49.	wholesale and retail trade of automobiles and light commercial vehicles (45.11.Z),
50.	wholesale and retail trade of other motor vehicles, except of motorcycles (45.19.Z)
51	other financial services activity, not elsewhere classified, excluding pension insurance and pension funds (64.99.Z)
52.	Activities of head offices and holding companies, excluding financial holding companies

53.	Public relations and communication activities 70.21.Z,		
54.	Business and other management consultancy activities 70.22.Z		
55.	Data processing, management of websites (hosting) and similar activity (63.11.Z)		
56.	Activity connected with searching for work places and gaining employees (78.10.Z)		
57.	Service activity connected with office administration (82.11.Z)		
III.	CAPITAL		
	§ 6		
1.	The share capital of the Company is PLN 441,442,578 (four hundred forty-one million hundred forty-two thousand five hundred seventy-eight zlotys) and consists 441,442,578 (our hundred forty-one million four hundred forty-two thousand five hundred seventy-eight) shares of a par value of PLN 1 (one zloty) each, of which:	s of	
	1) 295,987,473 (two hundred ninety-five million nine hundred eighty-seven thou four hundred seventy-three) are ordinary registered shares of series "A",		
	and 41,638,955 (forty-one million six hundred thirty-eight thousand nine hun fifty-five) are ordinary registered shares of series "B", and		
	3) 103,816,150 (one hundred three million eight hundred sixteen thousand hundred fifty) are ordinary bearer shares of series "C"		
2.	The class A shares will become bearer shares immediately after the approval of the prospectus prepared in connection with the admission of the shares to trading on the regulated market of the Warsaw Stock Exchange (Giełda Papierów Wartościowych Warszawie S.A.).		
3.	The class B shares are designated for purposes set out in the Commercialisation and Privatisation Act and the Act on the terms of purchasing shares from the State Treasury as part of consolidating electricity sector companies, in particular, they can be redeemed for the purpose of exercising the equivalent of the right to acquire the shares free-of-charge, as set out in Article 38b of the Commercialisation and Privatisation Act. The class B shares will become bearer shares immediately after the expiry of the prohibition to sell or the expiry of the right to acquire the shares free-of-charge.		
IV.	SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS		
	§ 7		
1.	Eligible employees are entitled to acquire free-of-charge the Company's shares owner the State Treasury on the terms and conditions set out in the Commercialisation Privatisation Act and the Act concerning the terms of purchasing shares from the Streasury as part of consolidating the electricity sector.	and State	
2.	The shares purchased by eligible employees on the terms and conditions set out in p cannot be traded before the lapse of the deadlines set out in the Commercialisation Privatisation Act.	and	
3.	The shares purchased by eligible employees cannot be subject to mandatory bureferred to in Article 418 of the Commercial Companies Code, on the dates referred par. 2	to in	
4.	The Company will provide the necessary assistance to enable the rights referred to in 1 to be exercised.	par.	
	§ 8		
1.	The Company's shares can be redeemed upon the shareholder's consent as part of acquisition by the Company (voluntary redemption).		

2.	Volun	tary redemption may take place against remuneration or free-of-charge		
3.	partic share	esolution of the Shareholders Meeting concerning share redemption should specify in ular: the legal grounds for the redemption, the amount of remuneration to which the holder is entitled or the justification for the share redemption without remuneration, all as the manner of decreasing the share capital.		
٧.	THE	COMPANY'S CORPORATE BODIES		
		§ 9		
The (	Company	's corporate bodies are:		
1.		gement Board,		
2.	Supe	rvisory Board,		
3.	Gene	ral Shareholders Meeting		
Α		COMPANY'S MANAGEMENT BOARD		
		§ 10		
1.	The N	Management Board runs the Company's affairs and represents the Company		
2.	an au	Two Management Board members acting jointly or one Management Board member an authorised signatory acting jointly are authorised to make declarations of will on beha of the Company.		
3.	The N	Management Board President is in charge of the work of the Management Board		
		§ 11		
1.	terms adopt Board	Management Board regulations set out the operations of the Management Board, the and conditions of running the Company's affairs by the Management Board and ing resolutions. The Management Board regulations are drafted by the Management I on the basis of the guidelines set out by the Supervisory Board, adopted by a gement Board resolution, and approved by the Supervisory Board		
2.		olution of the Management Board is required for all matters outside the scope of the pany's ordinary activity, including but not limited to:		
	1)	adopting Company organisational by-laws, subject to their approval by the Supervisory Board,		
	2)	establishing and closing branch offices,		
	3)	appointing authorised signatories or authorised representatives, except for those authorised to represent the Company in court, with the appointment of an authorised representative being contingent on the consent of all Management Board members,		
	4)	taking out loans,		
	5)	adopting annual material and financial plans, including investment plans and long-term strategic plans, subject to their approval by the Supervisory Board,		
	6)	incurring contingencies, including the issue of guarantees, sureties and promissory notes by the Company,		
	7)	acquiring, disposing of, or encumbering real property, perpetual usufruct or real property interest on the basis of one or more legal acts during twelve consecutive months with a value of at least the equivalent of EUR 50,000,		
	8)	offering the Company's real property for leasing, lease, borrowing, usufruct or other use,		
	9)	assuming the leasing, lease, rent, usufruct or other use of real property on the basis of one or more legal acts during twelve consecutive months, with the value of rent at least equivalent to EUR 50,000,		

- any instance of offering fixed assets, except for real property, for leasing, lease, rent, borrowing, usufruct or any other use,-----
- matters the Management Board requests to be considered by the Supervisory Board or the General Shareholders Meeting. ------
- determining the manner of the Company's exercise of the voting rights at the general meeting or the shareholders meeting of Significant Subsidiaries, subject to the provisions of § 20.6.5. ------
- 4. Resolutions of the Management Board are adopted by an absolute majority of votes cast. In the case of equal numbers of votes for and against a Management Board resolution, the Management Board President casts the deciding vote.
- 5. The Management Board can: ------
  - 1) hold meetings and adopt resolutions by telephone or by other means of remote communication, in a manner that allows all the members participating in a meeting to communicate directly and simultaneously, ------

- 1. The Company's Management Board is composed of a minimum of three and a maximum of eight persons, including the Management Board President. The number of Management Board members is determined by the Supervisory Board.
- 2. The Management Board members are appointed for a joint three-year term. -------

## § 13

#### 8 14

- 1. Pursuant to the provisions of the Commercialisation and Privatisation Act, if the annual average employee count in the Company exceeds 500 employees, the Supervisory Board will appoint one person elected by the employees to the Management Board for the term of the Management Board. ------
- 3. The additional Management Board member is elected by secret, classified ballot in a general vote, supervised by Election Committees appointed by the Supervisory Board from among the Company's employees. For organisational structures composed of multiple entities, the vote will be organised and conducted by the Central Election

- 4. The Company's employees' failure to elect a Management Board member will not affect the validity of resolutions adopted by the Management Board. ------
- 5. The Management Board is required to provide the assistance necessary to conduct an election. -----
- 6. The Supervisory Board sets out the detailed guidelines for appointing and recalling employee-elected Management Board members, as well as holding by-elections, in accordance with the above terms.
- 7. The following terms and manner of electing employee-elected Management Board members and holding by-elections are established:-----
  - 1) A candidate may be any person submitted as such in the manner set out in Clause 14.7.2 and 14.7.3. ------
  - 2) Candidates may be nominated by any membership organisations active within the Company and by employee groupings of at least 300 persons. Each employee may vote for one candidate only.
  - 3) Candidates must be submitted in writing to the Central Election Committee no later than seven (7) days before the appointed voting date. ------
  - 4) If the winner is not selected in accordance with Clause 14.2, a second ballot takes place in which two candidates with the highest number of votes proceed to a second ballot.
  - 5) The second ballot is carried out in the manner set out for the first ballot, taking into account the modifications arising from Clause 14.7.4.-----
  - 6) Upon determining the final result of the vote, the Central Election Committee declares whether the vote is valid and announces the results and hands over the election documentation to the Supervisory Board.-----
  - 7) Immediately upon receiving the vote documentation the Supervisory Board appoints the employee-elected Management Board member.-----

- 1. The Supervisory Board will call an election of an employee-elected Management Board member within two months from the lapse of one full financial year of a Management Board member term. The vote should take place within one month from the date of its announcement by the Supervisory Board.------
- 2. In the event of recalling, resignation or death of an employee-elected Management Board member, a by-election will be held. ------
- 3. The Supervisory Board will call a by-election within one month from the Supervisory Board being notified of an event justifying the by-election. The by-election should occur within one month from its announcement by the Supervisory Board.-----
- 4. The provisions of Clause 14 apply to the by-election accordingly. ------

## § 16

- 2. The employee-elected Management Board member, as an employee of the Company, retains its employee benefits unless otherwise stated in the prevailing provisions of law. ---
- 3. The remuneration of an employee-elected Management Board member during their term on the Management Board will be determined in the manner and on the terms and conditions binding upon the other Management Board members.-----

The terms and the amount of remuneration for Management Board members are determined by the Supervisory Board, subject to Clause 20.6.1.-----

## § 19

- 1. The Company is an employer within the meaning of the Labour Code. The Company's branch offices may obtain the employee status pursuant to a resolution of the Company's Management Board. ------

## B SUPERVISORY BOARD

- 1. The Supervisory Board continuously oversees the Company's activity in all its areas. -----
- 2. In addition to other matters stipulated in mandatory provisions of the law and this Statute, the Supervisory Board has the following duties: ------
  - 1) appointing a chartered accountant to audit the Company's financial statements,----

  - defining the scope and setting the deadlines for the submission of the annual material and financial plans and strategic long-term plans by the Management Board, ------
  - 4) approving the Company's long-term strategic plans, ------
  - 5) approving annual material and financial plans, including investment plans,-----
  - 6) commenting on all the matters to be submitted by the Management Board to the General Shareholders Meeting for consideration, ------
  - 7) adopting Supervisory Board regulations, -----
  - 8) setting guidelines to the Management Board regarding the Management Board regulations and approving the Management Board regulations, ------
  - 9) approving the Company's organisational by-laws.-----
- 3. The powers of the Supervisory Board include approving the following decisions of the Management Board: ------

- any instance of offering real property for leasing, lease, rent, borrowing, usufruct or other use, with the value of rent for twelve consecutive months exceeding the equivalent of EUR 5,000,000,-------
- any instance of assuming the lease, renting, borrowing, usufruct or other use of real property, on the basis of one or more legal acts during twelve consecutive months, with the value of rent for twelve consecutive months exceeding the equivalent of EUR 5,000,000,-------
- 4) acquiring, selling or encumbering fixed assets, with the exception of real property, perpetual usufruct or real property interests, on the basis of one or more legal acts during twelve consecutive months, with a value equivalent to EUR 5,000,000 or more,------
- any instance of offering fixed assets, except for real property, for leasing, lease, rent, borrowing, usufruct or other use, with the value of rent for twelve consecutive months exceeding the equivalent of EUR 5,000,000,-------

- 8) issuing guarantees and sureties which, on the basis of one or more legal acts during twelve consecutive months, and towards one entity, exceed the equivalent of EUR 5,000,000, ------
- 9) issuing promissory notes with a value exceeding EUR 5,000,000 and blank promissory notes,-----
- incurring other obligations than described above, which, on the basis of one or more legal acts during twelve consecutive months exceeds the equivalent of EUR 5,000,000, with the exception of legal acts carried out by the Management Board as part of its duties defined in the annual material and financial plan approved by the Supervisory Board, which expressly states that no such approval is required to carry out the duty,------
- establishing branch offices, representative offices and other entities as well as participating in other companies and ventures in the Republic of Poland and abroad, ------
- establishing or joining another company in the Republic of Poland if the purchase price for the share(s) or the advance on the contribution in a civil partnership exceeds EUR 5,000,000, -------
- subscribing to or purchasing shares in other companies in the Republic of Poland, with the exception of: -----
  - a) acquiring shares for the Company's receivables in settlement, corporate recovery or bankruptcy proceedings, ------
  - b) subscribing to or purchasing blocks of shares whose nominal value does not exceed EUR 5,000,000, ------
- disposing of or encumbering shares in Significant Subsidiaries, specifying the manner and terms of their disposal or encumbrance.-----

- 4. The requirement of Supervisory Board approval set out in Clauses 20.2 and 20.3 above applies only if the General Shareholders Meeting is not authorised under this Statute or by law to grant its consent to such actions. If the General Meeting is authorised to grant its consent to such actions, the Supervisory Board should comment on the admissibility of such actions beforehand. Subject to the provisions of Clause 20.2.2, the requirement to obtain Supervisory Board consent stipulated in Clauses 20.2 and 20.3 above does not apply to the agreements concluded by the Company and concerning: -----buying and selling electricity, ------1) 2) comprehensive contracts containing the provisions of power purchase agreements and power distribution agreements,----power transmission or distribution services,-----3) 4) acquisition or sale of property rights arising from certificates of origin in particular electricc energy origin certificates generated in renewable sources of energy, from cogeneration or agricultural biogas----comprehensive road lighting service and other legal actions connected with the 5) performance of the above contracts.-----5. The requirement of obtaining Supervisory Board approval stipulated in Clauses 20.2 and 20.3 above does not apply, subject to the provisions of Clause 20.2.2, to actions carried out between the Company and entities in which the Company is the sole shareholder. -----Other authorities of the Supervisory Board include:-----6. 1) making requests with respect to establishing the terms and amounts of remuneration for Management Board members during the time in which establishing the terms and amounts of remuneration for Management Board members is not the authority of the Supervisory Board.----suspending Management Board members from the performance of their duties for 2) valid reasons,----granting consent for Management Board members to participate in the corporate 3) bodies of other companies,----considering other matters raised by the Management Board.----4) determining the manner of exercising the Company's voting rights at the General 5) Meeting or at the general meeting of shareholders of the Significant Subsidiaries with respect to:----a merger, transformation or demerger of a Significant Subsidiary;-----a) exluding the Company's right of first refusal with regard to subscribing b) new shares in a Significant Subsidiary;----disposing of or leasing the business of a Significant Subsidiary or its c) organised part and establishing a limited right in rem thereon; and-----dissolution or liquidation.----d) § 21
- 1. The Supervisory Board may, for valid reasons, delegate its members to perform certain supervisory activities individually for a fixed period of time, pursuant to Article 390.2 of the Commercial Companies Code.------
- 2. A delegated Supervisory Board member is required to submit a written report on his/her activity to the Supervisory Board, as set out in the relevant Supervisory Board resolution.--

1. The Supervisory Board is composed of a minimum of six and a maximum of fifteen members appointed by the General Shareholders Meeting, subject to Clause 23 and with the exception of a member appointed in accordance with the provisions of Clause 24. The number of Supervisory Board members is defined by the General Shareholders Meeting.--

- 2. Supervisory Board members are appointed for a joint three-year term.-----
- 3. A Supervisory Board member may be recalled by the General Shareholders Meeting at any time.-----
- 4. Supervisory Board members should meet the requirements prescribed by law.-----
- 5. After one (1) month of the first listing of the Company's shares on the regulated market, at least one of the Supervisory Board members appointed by the General Meeting should meet the following requirements:-----
  - 1) be appointed in the manner referred to in par. 6 and 7 below,-------

  - 3) not be an employee of the Company or its subsidiaries or affiliates.-----
- 7. If no candidates for Supervisory Board members are nominated as set out in par. 5 above, the Supervisory Board nominates such candidates to be voted for at the General Meeting.-
- 8. A failure to elect a Supervisory Board member as defined in par. 5 does not affect the validity of resolutions adopted by the Supervisory Board. ------

- 1. The Company's employees are entitled to elect Supervisory Board members in the manner set out by the prevailing provisions of law, including the provisions of the Commercialisation and Privatisation Act.-----
- 2. The Supervisory Board calls elections of Supervisory Board members. In this respect, the provisions of Clauses 14 and 15 apply accordingly. ------
- 3. The Supervisory Board adopts resolutions implementing the Election Regulations, which contain detailed provisions on electing and recalling employee-elected Supervisory Board members.
- 4. The provisions of Clause 16 apply accordingly to recalling employee-elected Supervisory Board members.

## § 24

Once the State Treasury is no longer the sole shareholder of the Company, the State Treasury is entitled, pursuant to Article 354.1 of the Commercial Companies Code, to appoint and recall one Supervisory Board member by a written statement submitted to the Company's Management Board. Such an appointment or recall is effective once the statement is delivered to the Management Board and does not require a relevant

resolution of the General Meeting. This right expires when the State Treasury is no longer a shareholder of the Company.-----

2. The above right of the State Treasury does not prevent it from participating in electing other Supervisory Board members and nominating Supervisory Board candidates referred to in Clause 22.5 on terms stipulated in applicable laws and this Statute.------

#### § 25

- 1. At the first meeting, the Supervisory Board members elect from amongst themselves a Chairman, Deputy Chairman and Secretary of the Board, with the exception that, as long as the State Treasury is the sole shareholder of the Company, the Chairman of the Supervisory Board is appointed by the General Shareholders Meeting.------
- 3. Any statements addressed to the Supervisory Board between meetings will be received by the Chairman of the Board, and if this is not possible, by the Deputy Chairman or the Secretary.

## § 26

- 1. The Supervisory Board convenes at least once every two months.-----
- 3. Subject to the provisions of Clause 26.2, Supervisory Board meetings are convened by the Chairman or Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Board.-----
- 4. A Supervisory Board meeting should be convened at the request of any Supervisory Board member or at the request of the Management Board.-----
- 5. Supervisory Board meetings are chaired by its Chairman, or, in his/her absence, by the Deputy Chairman or other Supervisory Board member appointed at the meeting.-----

- 1. The Supervisory Board adopts its resolutions by open ballot. A secret ballot may be conducted at the request of a Supervisory Board member and in votes on personal matters. The provisions of par. 4 and 5 do not apply to secret ballot resolutions.------
- 2. The Supervisory Board may adopt resolutions if at least half of its members are present at the meeting. ------
- 3. Supervisory Board resolutions are adopted by an absolute majority of votes. If an equal number of votes are cast for and against the resolutions, the Chairman of the Supervisory Board will cast the deciding vote.----
- 4. Subject to Article 388.4 of the Commercial Companies Code, the Supervisory Board may:
  - 1) hold meetings and adopt resolutions via phone or other remote communication media, in a manner that enables direct and simultaneous communication among all the participants, ------
  - 2) adopt resolutions without holding a meeting by placing signatures on the same copy (copies) of a draft resolution or on different documents with the same contents, and the adoption of a resolution in this manner requires a prior justification and presenting the draft resolution to all the Supervisory Board members together with the justification.-----

#### § 28

- 1. Supervisory Board members exercise their rights and perform their obligations personally.
- 2. Supervisory Board members are required to justify their absence from a Meeting in writing. Member absence reconciliation requires a resolution of the Supervisory Board.------
- 3. Supervisory Board members are entitled to a monthly remuneration in the amount determined by the General Shareholders Meeting, taking into account any applicable laws.
- 4. The Company covers the costs incurred in connection with the performance of the duties entrusted to the Supervisory Board members.-----

#### C GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS MEETING

#### § 29

- 1. The Company's Management Board convenes the General Shareholders Meeting in instances set out in the provisions of law and the provisions of the Statute, as well as upon the written request of the State Treasury shareholder, in accordance with Clause 31.1 below.
- 3. If the General Meeting is not convened within the deadline specified in par. 2, the State Treasury shareholder is entitled to convene the General Meeting pursuant to Article 354.1 of the Commercial Companies Code.

#### § 30

- 1. The State Treasury, as long as it is the Company's shareholder and irrespective of its share in the Company's share capital, may, pursuant to Article 400.1 of the Commercial Companies Code, request that an Extraordinary Shareholders Meeting be convened or that certain matters be included in the agenda of the next General Shareholders Meeting. The State Treasury is obliged to submit such a request in writing no later than a month before the proposed date of such General Meeting.
- 2. If the request referred to in par. 1 above is submitted after a General Shareholders Meeting is convened, it will be deemed a request for convening a subsequent Extraordinary Shareholders Meeting. -----

- - 1) dissolution of the Company, ------
  - 2) relocating the Company's registered office overseas, -----

  - 5) a merger of the Company or the transfer of all its assets to another company, -----
  - 6) a demerger of the Company, ------
  - 7) the Company's shares obtaining preferred status, ------
  - 8) establishing, converting into or joining a European Company, -----
  - 9) amendment of this Clause 32 of the Statute. -----
- 3. One share translates to one vote at the General Shareholders Meeting. ------

- 1) appointing and recalling Supervisory Board members, subject to the provisions of Clause 24.1 above, ------
- 2) adopting the regulations of the General Shareholders Meeting that set out detailed terms of conducting meetings and adopting resolutions, ------
- 3) issuing convertible or exchangeable bonds and other instruments enabling the purchase or subscription of the Company's shares. ------

## § 34

# § 35

The purchase and disposal of real property, perpetual usufruct or real property interest, i.e. activities as set out in Article 393.4 of the Commercial Companies Code, do not require the approval of the General Shareholders Meeting. ------

#### § 36

As long as the State Treasury holds the majority of the total number of shares in the Company, the actions referred to in Article 18.2 of the Commercialisation and Privatisation Act of 30 August 1996 require the consent of the General Shareholders Meeting, with the exception of the following:------

- 1) acts that, under the Statute, require the approval of the Supervisory Board, and the Supervisory Board has approved them, ------
- 2) acts other than those set out in 1) above if they involve: ------

- a) establishing or joining another company in the Republic of Poland if the purchase price for the share(s) or the advance on the contribution in a civil partnership does not exceed EUR 5,000,000 ------
- b) subscribing to or purchasing shares whose nominal value does not exceed EUR 5,000,000, ------
- c) selling or encumbering the shares purchased or held in another company if their nominal value does not exceed EUR 5,000,000, ------
- d) purchasing shares for the Company's receivables in settlement, corporate recovery or bankruptcy proceedings. -----

#### VI. COMPANY BUSINESS

## § 37

- 1. The Company's financial year is the calendar year. ------
- 2. The Company's books of account are maintained in compliance with the law and the accounting principles adopted by the Management Board. ------

# § 38

- 1. The Company established the following capitals and funds: ------
  - 1) share capital, ------
  - 2) reserve capital, ------
  - 3) revaluation reserve, ------
  - 4) other reserve capitals,-----
  - 5) employee benefit fund. ------
- 2. The Company may establish and close other capitals to cover specific losses or expenditures on the basis of resolutions of the Shareholders Meeting. ------

## § 39

## VII. FINAL PROVISIONS

- 2. All the amounts referred to in this Statute are net of tax. ------
- 4. Any mention in this Statute of a "Related Party" should be construed to mean a related party as defined in the Regulation of the Finance Minister concerning current and periodical information to be provided by issuers of securities of 19 October 2005. -------
- 5. Any mention in this Statute of a "Significant Subsidiary" should be construed as an entity controlled by the Company, where the book value of the Company's interest as declared in the Company's most recent audited financial statements exceeds 10 percent (10%) of the Company's shareholders' equity.

6. Any mention in this Statute of the Commercialisation and Privatisation Act should be construed to mean the Commercialisation and Privatisation Act of 30 August 1996, as amended. ------